# **Pressure Booster System**

# Installation/Operating Manual **Hydro-Unit Premium Line**

Hydro-Unit Premium Line VFD MMe Di







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Original operating manual Hydro-Unit Premium Line

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# **Glossary**

#### **Accumulator**

The accumulator serves to compensate for pressure losses in the piping system downstream of the pressure booster system which may be caused by the consumption of small quantities of water. As a result, the frequency of starts of the pressure booster system is minimised.

#### **Certificate of decontamination**

A certificate of decontamination is enclosed by the customer when returning the product to the manufacturer to certify that the product has been properly drained to eliminate any environmental and health hazards arising from components in contact with the fluid handled.

#### **Dry running protection**

Dry running protection devices prevent the pump from being operated without the fluid to be handled, which would result in pump damage.

#### IE3

Efficiency class to IEC 60034-30: 3 = Premium Efficiency (IE = International Efficiency)



## 1 General

#### 1.1 Principles

This operating manual is valid for the type series and variants indicated on the front cover.

The manual describes the proper and safe use of this equipment in all phases of operation.

The name plate indicates the type series, the main operating data and the serial number. The serial number uniquely describes the product and is used as identification in all further business processes.

In the event of damage, immediately contact your nearest DP Service centre to maintain the right to claim under warranty.

### 1.2 Installation of partly completed machinery

To install partly completed machinery supplied by DP refer to the sub-sections under Servicing/Maintenance.

#### 1.3 Target group

This operating manual is aimed at the target group of trained and qualified specialist technical personnel. [

⇒ Section 2.3, Page 8]

#### 1.4 Other applicable documents

Table 1: Overview of other applicable documents

Document	Contents	
Sub-supplier product literature	Operating manuals, logic diagram and other product literature of accessories and integrated machinery components	

#### 1.5 Symbols

Table 2: Symbols used in this manual

Symbol	Description
<b>√</b>	Conditions which need to be fulfilled before proceeding with the step-by-step instructions
⊳	Safety instructions
⇒	Result of an action
⇒	Cross-references
1.	Step-by-step instructions
2.	
	Note Recommendations and important information on how to handle the product

## 1.6 Key to safety symbols/markings

Table 3: Definition of safety symbols/markings

Symbol	Description
<u>A</u> DANGER	DANGER This signal word indicates a high-risk hazard which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
	WARNING This signal word indicates a medium-risk hazard which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
CAUTION	CAUTION  This signal word indicates a hazard which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the machine and its functions.
<u>^</u>	General hazard In conjunction with one of the signal words this symbol indicates a hazard which will or could result in death or serious injury.
4	Electrical hazard In conjunction with one of the signal words this symbol indicates a hazard involving electrical voltage and identifies information about protection against electrical voltage.
N. C.	Machine damage In conjunction with the signal word CAUTION this symbol indicates a hazard for the machine and its functions.



# 2 Safety



All the information contained in this section refers to hazardous situations.

In addition to the present general safety information the action-related safety information given in the other sections must be observed.

#### 2.1 General

This operating manual contains general installation, operating and maintenance instructions that must be observed to ensure safe operation of the system and prevent personal injury and damage to property.

The safety information in all sections of this manual must be complied with.

The operating manual must be read and understood by the responsible specialist personnel/operators prior to installation and commissioning.

The contents of this operating manual must be available to the specialist personnel at the site at all times.

Information attached directly to the product must always be complied with and kept in a perfectly legible condition at all times. This applies to, for example:

- Arrow indicating the direction of rotation
- Markings for connections
- Name plate

The operator is responsible for ensuring compliance with all local regulations not taken into account in this operating manual.

#### 2.2 Intended use

- The pressure booster system must only be operated within the operating limits described in the other applicable documents.
- Only operate pressure booster systems which are in perfect technical condition.
- Do not operate partially assembled pressure booster systems.
- The pressure booster system must only handle the fluids described in the product literature of the respective design variant.
- Never operate the pressure booster system without the fluid to be handled.
- Observe the information on minimum flow rates specified in the product literature (to prevent overheating, bearing damage, etc).
- Observe the maximum flow rates indicated in the data sheet or product literature (to prevent overheating, cavitation damage, bearing damage, etc).
- Do not throttle the flow rate on the suction side of the pressure booster system (to prevent cavitation damage).
- Consult the manufacturer about any other modes of operation not described in the product literature.

#### 2.2.1 Prevention of foreseeable misuse

- Never exceed the permissible application and operating limits specified in the product literature regarding pressure, temperature, etc.
- Observe all safety information and instructions in this manual.

#### 2.3 Personnel qualification and personnel training

All personnel involved must be fully qualified to install, operate, maintain and inspect the machinery this manual refers to.

The responsibilities, competence and supervision of all personnel involved in installation, operation, maintenance and inspection must be clearly defined by the operator.

Deficits in knowledge must be rectified by means of training and instruction provided by sufficiently trained specialist personnel. If required, the operator can commission the manufacturer/supplier to train the personnel.

Training on the pressure booster system must always be supervised by technical specialist personnel.

# 2.4 Consequences and risks caused by non-compliance with this manual

- Non-compliance with these operating instructions will lead to forfeiture of warranty cover and of any and all rights to claims for damages.
- Non-compliance can, for example, have the following consequences:
  - Hazards to persons due to electrical, thermal, mechanical and chemical effects and explosions
  - Failure of important product functions
  - Failure of prescribed maintenance and servicing practices
  - Hazard to the environment due to leakage of hazardous substances

#### 2.5 Safety awareness

In addition to the safety information contained in this manual and the intended use, the following safety regulations shall be complied with:

- Accident prevention, health regulations and safety regulations
- Explosion protection regulations
- Safety regulations for handling hazardous substances
- Applicable standards, directives and laws

#### 2.6 Safety information for the operator/user

- Fit protective equipment (e.g. contact guards) supplied by the operator for hot, cold or moving parts, and check that the equipment functions properly.
- Do not remove any protective equipment (e.g. contact guards) during operation.
- Eliminate all electrical hazards. (In this respect refer to the applicable national safety regulations and/or regulations issued by the local energy supply companies.)
- If shutting down the pump does not increase potential risk, fit an emergency-stop control device in the immediate vicinity of the pump (set) during pump set installation.

#### 2.7 Safety information for maintenance, inspection and installation

- Modifications or alterations of the pressure booster system are only permitted with the manufacturer's prior consent.
- Use only original spare parts or parts authorised by the manufacturer. The use of other parts can invalidate any liability of the manufacturer for resulting damage.
- The operator ensures that maintenance, inspection and installation is performed by authorised, qualified specialist personnel who are thoroughly familiar with the manual.
- Carry out work on the pressure booster system during standstill only.
- The pump casing must have cooled down to ambient temperature.
- Pump pressure must have been released and the pump must have been drained.



- When taking the pressure booster system out of service always adhere to the procedure described in the manual.
- Decontaminate pressure booster systems which handle fluids posing a health hazard.
- As soon as the work has been completed, re-install and/or re-activate any safety-relevant and protective devices. Before returning the product to service, observe all instructions on commissioning.
- Make sure the pressure booster system cannot be accessed by unauthorised persons (e.g. children).
- Prior to opening the device, pull the mains plug and wait for at least 10 minutes.

#### 2.8 Unauthorised modes of operation

Always observe the limits stated in the product literature.

The warranty relating to the operating reliability and safety of the pressure booster system supplied is only valid if the equipment is used in accordance with its intended use. [

□ Section 2.2, Page 8]

#### 2.9 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

#### 2.9.1 Interference emission requirements

The EN 61800-3 EMC product standard is relevant for electric variable speed drives/control systems. It specifies all pertinent requirements and refers to the relevant generic standards for complying with the EMC Directive.

Frequency inverters are commonly used by operators as a part of a system, plant or machine assembly. It should be noted that the operator bears all responsibility for the final EMC properties of the equipment, plant or installation.

A prerequisite or requirement for complying with the relevant standards or the limit values and inspection/test levels referenced by them is that all information and descriptions regarding EMC-compliant installation be observed and followed.

In accordance with the EMC product standard, the EMC requirements to be met depend on the purpose or intended use of the frequency inverter. Four categories are defined in the EMC product standard:

Table 4: Categories of intended use

Category Definition		Limits to EN 55011
C1	Frequency inverters with a supply voltage under 1000 V installed in the first environment (residential and office areas).	Class B
C2	Frequency inverters with a supply voltage under 1000 V installed in the first environment (residential and office areas) that are neither ready to be plugged in/connected nor are mobile and must be installed and commissioned by specialist personnel.	
C3	Frequency inverters with a supply voltage under 1000 V installed in the second environment (industrial environments).	Class A, Group 2
C4	Frequency inverters with a supply voltage over 1000 V and a nominal current over 400 A installed in the second environment (industrial environments) or that are envisaged for use in complex systems.	No borderline/ boundary <sup>1)</sup>

The following limit values and inspection/test levels must be complied with if the generic standard on interference emissions applies:

1) An EMC plan must be devised.

\_\_\_\_\_

Table 5: Classification of installation environment

Environment	Generic standard	Limits to EN 55011
First environment (residential and office areas)	EN/IEC 61000-6-3 for private, business and commercial environments	Class B
Second environment (industrial environments)	EN/IEC 61000-6-4 for industrial environments	Class A, Group 1

The frequency inverter meets the following requirements:

Table 6: EMC properties of the frequency inverter

Power [kW]	Cable length [m]	Category to EN 61800-3	Limits to EN 55011
≤ 11	≤ 5	C1	Class B

The EN 61800-3 standard requires that the following warning be provided for drive systems that do not comply with category C1 specifications:

This product can produce high-frequency interference emissions that may necessitate targeted interference suppression measures in a residential or office environment.

#### 2.9.2 Line harmonics requirements

The product is a device for professional applications as defined by EN 61000-3-2. The following generic standards apply when establishing a connection to the public power grid:

- EN 61000-3-2 for symmetric, three-phase devices (professional devices with a total power of up to 1 kW)
- EN 61000-3-12 for devices with a phase current of between 16 A and 75 A and professional devices from 1 kW up to a phase current of 16 A.

#### 2.9.3 Interference immunity requirements

In general, the interference immunity requirements for a frequency inverter hinge on the specific environment in which the inverter is installed.

The requirements for industrial environments are therefore higher than those for residential and office environments.

The frequency inverter is designed such that the immunity requirements for industrial environments and, thus, the lower-level requirements for residential and office environments, are met and fulfilled.

The following relevant generic standards are used for the interference immunity test:

- EN 61000-4-2: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)
  - Part 4-2: Testing and measurement techniques Electrostatic discharge immunity test
- EN 61000-4-3: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)
  - Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test
- EN 61000-4-4: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)
  - Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test
- EN 61000-4-5: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)
  - Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques Surge immunity test
- EN 61000-4-6: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)
  - Part 4-6: Testing and measurement techniques Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields



# 3 Software changes

The software has been specially created for this product and thoroughly tested. Making changes or additions to the software or parts of the software is prohibited. This does not, however, apply to software updates supplied by DP.

# 4 Transport/Temporary Storage/ Disposal

#### 4.1 Checking the condition upon delivery

- 1. On transfer of goods, check each packaging unit for damage.
- 2. In the event of in-transit damage, assess the exact damage, document it and notify DP or the supplying dealer and the insurer about the damage in writing immediately.

#### 4.2 Transport



#### **NOTE**

The pressure booster system is bolted to a pallet and wrapped in plastic film for shipping and temporary storage. All connecting points are capped.



### **⚠** DANGER

#### Pressure booster system tipping over

Danger to life from falling pressure booster system!

- > Never suspend the pressure booster system by its power cable.
- > Do not lift the pressure booster system by its manifold.
- ➤ Observe the applicable local accident prevention regulations.
- > Observe the information on weights, centre of gravity and fastening points.
- Use suitable and permitted transport equipment, e.g. crane, forklift or pallet jack.
- ✓ The pressure booster system has been checked for in-transit damage.
- 1. Make sure the transport equipment is suitable for safely carrying the indicated load.
- 2. Transport the pressure booster system to the place of installation.
- Attach the pressure booster system to the lifting tackle. Lift it off the pallet. Dispose of the pallet.
- 4. Use suitable lifting equipment to lift the pressure booster system and carefully place it down at the place of installation.

#### 4.3 Storage/preservation

If commissioning is to take place some time after delivery, the following measures are recommended when storing the pressure booster system:



#### CAUTION

Damage during storage due to frost, moisture, dirt, UV radiation or vermin

Corrosion/contamination of pressure booster system!

Store the pressure booster system in a frost-proof room. Do not store outdoors.



#### **CAUTION**

Wet, contaminated or damaged openings and connections

Leakage or damage of the pressure booster system!

Only open the openings of the pressure booster system at the time of installation.

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#### **NOTE**

Rotate the shaft by hand every three months, e.g. via the motor fan.

Store the pressure booster system in a dry, protected room where the atmospheric humidity is as constant as possible.

#### 4.4 Return to supplier

- 1. Drain the pressure booster system as per operating instructions.
- 2. Always flush and clean the pressure booster system, particularly if it has been used for handling noxious, explosive, hot or other hazardous fluids.
- 3. If the pressure booster system has handled fluids whose residues could lead to corrosion damage in the presence of atmospheric humidity or could ignite upon contact with oxygen, the pressure booster system must also be neutralised, and anhydrous inert gas must be blown through the pressure booster system to ensure drying.

#### 4.5 Disposal



#### ⚠ WARNING

Fluids handled, consumables and supplies which are hot and/or pose a health hazard

Hazard to persons and the environment!

- > Collect and properly dispose of flushing fluid and any fluid residues.
- > Wear safety clothing and a protective mask if required.
- Observe all legal regulations on the disposal of fluids posing a health hazard.
- Dismantle the pressure booster system.
   Collect greases and other lubricants during dismantling.
- 2. Separate and sort the pump materials, e.g. by:
  - Metals
  - Plastics
  - Electronic waste
  - Greases and other lubricants
- Dispose of materials in accordance with local regulations or in another controlled manner.

# **5 Description**

#### 5.1 General description

- Pressure booster system

#### 5.2 Designation

#### Example: Premium Line HU3 DPV 10/4 B VFD MMe Di

Table 7: Designation key

Code	Description	
Hydro-Unit Premium Line	Type series	
HU3	Number of pumps	
DPV 10	Size	
4 B	Number of stages	
VFD MMe Di Design		
	VFD MMe Di	Variable speed pressure booster system

#### 5.3 Name plate

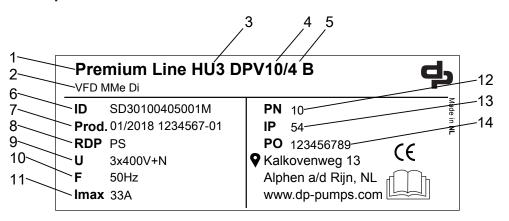


Fig. 1: Name plate (example)

1	Type series	8	Dry running protection
2	Design	9	Power supply voltage
3	Number of pumps	10	Power supply frequency
4	Size	11	Maximum current input
5	Number of stages	12	Maximum operating pressure
6	Serial number	13	Enclosure
7	Month of production / year of production, consecutive number	14	Order number

#### 5.4 Design details

#### Design

- Fully automatic pressure booster system
- Variable speed operation
- Baseplate-mounted



- Membrane-type accumulator (direct-flow) to DIN 4807-5 on the discharge side, approved for drinking water, with shut-off element and drain valve.
- One or more vertical high-pressure pumps with variable speed system
- Hydraulic components made of stainless steel / brass for high operating reliability
- Lift check valve for each pump
- Pressure gauge for pressure indication
- Electronic dry running protection
- Pressure transmitter on the discharge side
- Anti-vibration pads per system

#### Multiple pump system

- Discharge-side gate valve per pump
- Suction-side gate valve per pump
- Suction-side manifold and discharge-side manifold made of stainless steel

#### Installation

- Stationary dry installation

#### **Drive**

- Electric motor
- Enclosure IP55

#### VFD MMe Di

- Efficiency class IE3 to IEC 60034-30

#### VFD MM Di

- Efficiency class IE5 to IEC 60034-30

#### **Automation**

- One frequency inverter per pump
- Motor protection switch per pump
- Control cabinet IP54

#### VFD MM Di

- Display on each drive
- Fault message signalling contact per pump
- Operation signalling contact per pump

### 5.5 Configuration and function



Fig. 2: Illustration of pressure booster system

-		
1	Control cabinet	
2	Pump	
3	Control unit	
4	Membrane-type accumulator	
5	Manifold	
6	Baseplate	

#### Design

The fully automatic pressure booster system is equipped with one or more vertical highpressure pumps (2) (all of which are speed-controlled) for pumping the fluid handled to the consumer installations in the set pressure range.

### Function Automatic mode

One or more pumps (2) are controlled and monitored by motor-mounted frequency inverters. As the demand increases or decreases, pumps are started and stopped automatically. As soon as the demand increases again after one pump has been stopped, another pump which has not been in operation before is started up.

The stand-by pump is also included in the alternating cycle. 2)

The standard setting is for the pressure booster system to start automatically as a function of pressure; the actual pressure is measured by an analog pressure measuring device (pressure transmitter).

As long as the pressure booster system is in operation, the pumps are started and stopped as a function of demand (standard setting). In this way it is ensured that the individual pumps operate only in line with actual demand. The use of variable speed pumps reduces wear as well as the frequency of pump starts in parallel operation.

If a duty pump fails, the next pump is started up immediately. A fault is output, which can be reported via volt-free contacts (e.g. to the control station).

If the demand drops towards 0, the pressure booster system slowly runs down to the stop point and stops.

As standard, one of the pumps is on stand-by. The control unit defines each of the pumps as stand-by pump in alternation. This prevents stagnation of water in any of the pumps.

The pressure booster system is designed with dry running protection.

Function Manual mode

In manual mode, a minimum flow is required to protect the pump against overheating.

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#### 5.6 Noise characteristics

Pressure booster systems are available with different numbers and sizes of pumps. Therefore, the expected total sound pressure level in dB(A) needs to be calculated. Refer to the pump's operating manual for the noise characteristics of the individual pumps.

#### Calculation example:

Number of pumps	Expected total sound pressure level in dB(A)
Single pump	dB(A)
2 pumps, total	+3 dB(A)
3 pumps, total	+4,5 dB(A)
4 pumps, total	+6 dB(A)
5 pumps, total	+7 dB(A)
6 pumps, total	+7,5 dB(A)
Example Single pump	48 dB(A)
4 pumps, total	+6 dB(A)
	54 dB(A)

The expected total sound pressure level of 54 dB(A) for this configuration may develop when all four pumps are running under full-load conditions.

Refer to the pumps' operating manual for the noise characteristics of the individual pumps.

#### 5.7 Scope of supply

Depending on the model, the following items are included in the scope of supply:

- Up to three vertical high-pressure centrifugal pumps with oval flange
- Powder-coated / epoxy resin-coated steel baseplate
- Integrated check valve per pump
- Discharge-side gate valve per pump
- Suction-side gate valve per pump
- Suction-side manifold and discharge-side manifold made of stainless steel
- Pressure transmitter on the discharge side
- Pressure gauge
- Dry running protection switch on the inlet pressure side
- Membrane-type accumulator on the discharge side, approved for drinking water
- Control cabinet IP54
  - Sheet steel housing: colour RAL 7035
  - Parameterisable Megacontrol control unit
  - Graphical display with operating panel
  - Three LEDs signalling the operating status
  - Lockable master switch (repair switch)
  - Motor protection switch per pump
  - One frequency inverter per pump
  - Service interface for Servicetool

#### 5.8 Dimensions

For dimensions refer to the outline drawings of the pressure booster system.

### 5.9 Terminal diagram

For the terminal assignment refer to the circuit diagram.  $^{\rm 3)}$ 

### 5.10 Potential equalisation



Fig. 3: Earth symbol

A terminal marked with the earth symbol is provided on the baseplate for connecting a PE conductor.  $^{\!\!\!\!^{(4)}}$ 

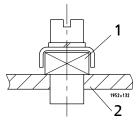


Fig. 4: PE connection

1	Earthing terminal	2	Baseplate



<sup>3)</sup> Multiple pump systems only

<sup>4)</sup> Multiple pump systems only

### 6 Installation at Site

#### 6.1 Installation

Install pressure booster systems either in the technical equipment room or in a well-ventilated, frost-free, lockable room used for no other purpose. No harmful gases are allowed to enter the place of installation. An adequately sized floor drain (leading to a sewer or equivalent) must be provided.

The pressure booster system is designed for a maximum ambient temperature of 0 °C to +40 °C at a relative humidity of 50 %.



#### **NOTE**

Do not install pressure booster systems next to sleeping or living quarters.

The anti-vibration mounting of the pressure booster system provides adequate insulation against solid-borne noise. If expansion joints (KSB accessory) are used for damping vibrations, their fatigue strength (endurance limit) must be given due consideration. Expansion joints must be easily replaceable.

#### 6.2 Checks to be carried out prior to installation

#### Place of installation



#### ⚠ WARNING

Installation on mounting surfaces which are unsecured and cannot support the load

Personal injury and damage to property!

- ➤ Use a concrete of compressive strength class C12/15 which meets the requirements of exposure class X0 to EN 206-1.
- > The mounting surface must have set and must be completely horizontal and even.
- > Observe the weights indicated.



#### **NOTE**

The anti-vibration mounts of the pressure booster system provide adequate insulation against solid-borne noise.

Thanks to level-adjustable feet (KSB accessory) the pressure booster system can also be installed in a horizontal position on uneven floors.

For pressure booster systems with Movitec 2, 4, 6, 10 and 15, level-adjustable feet are available as accessories.

Check the structural requirements.

All structural work required must have been prepared in accordance with the dimensions stated in the outline drawings.

#### 6.3 Installing the pressure booster system



#### **⚠** WARNING

#### Top-heavy pressure booster system

Risk of personal injury by pressure booster system tipping over!

- Pressure booster systems awaiting final installation must be secured against tipping over.
- > Firmly anchor the pressure booster system.

Remove all packaging before installing the pressure booster system. Connect the pressure booster system's inlet line and discharge line to the corresponding site distribution lines.



#### NOTE

In order to avoid transmission of piping forces onto the pressure booster system and transmission of solid-borne noise, we recommend installing length-limited expansion joints.

Allow sufficient space for maintenance and repair work.

- ✓ All structural work required has been checked.
- ✓ The dimensions of the concrete foundation are correct, and the concrete has set firmly.
- 1. Mark out the anchoring holes on the floor as shown in the outline drawing.
- 2. Drill the holes (max. diameter: 12 mm).
- 3. Insert plug fixings of appropriate size.
- 4. Set the pressure booster system down in its correct installation position.
- 5. Use suitable bolts to firmly anchor the pressure booster system.

### 6.4 Installing the piping

Make sure that piping is installed without transmitting any stresses or strains. The use of length-limited expansion joints (see accessories) is recommended.

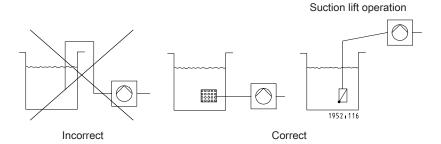


#### **CAUTION**

#### Air pockets in suction line

Pressure booster system cannot prime!

> Lay piping with a continuously rising slope (as shown).





#### NOTE

For suction lift operation install suitable swing check valves at the suction line ends which are submerged in the fluid handled. Take into account the head losses caused by these swing check valves.

Do not exceed the maximum suction lift of the pumps.

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#### 6.4.1 Fitting an expansion joint



#### **⚠** DANGER

#### Sparks and radiant heat

Fire hazard!

Take suitable precautions to protect the expansion joint if any welding work is carried out nearby.



#### CAUTION

#### Leaking expansion joint

Flooding of installation room!

- > Regularly check for cracks or blisters, exposed fabric or other defects.
- The expansion joint has a length limiter with solid-borne sound insulation so as to be able to absorb reaction forces.
- 1. Install the expansion joint in the piping free of twist or distortion. Never use the expansion joint to compensate for misalignment or mismatch of the piping.
- 2. Tighten the bolts evenly and crosswise during assembly. The ends of the bolts must not protrude from the flange.
- 3. Do not apply paint to the expansion joint. Protect it from any contact with oil.
- 4. The position of the expansion joint within the pressure booster system must allow easy access and inspection and it must, therefore, not be insulated along with the piping.
- 5. Expansion joints are subject to wear.

#### 6.4.2 Installing a pressure reducer



#### **NOTE**

A pipe length of approximately 600 mm must be provided on the inlet side to accommodate a pressure reducer, if necessary.



#### NOTE

A pressure reducer must be installed

- if the inlet pressure fluctuation is too high for the pressure booster system to operate as intended or
- if the total pressure (inlet pressure plus shut-off head) of the pressure booster system exceeds the design pressure.

The maximum pump discharge pressure at zero flow point is reached in manual mode.

A minimum pressure gradient of 5 metres is required for the pressure reducer to fulfill its function. The pressure downstream of the pressure reducer (downstream pressure) is the basic parameter for determining the pump head.

#### For example:

The inlet pressure fluctuates between 4 and 8 bar. A pressure reducer is needed upstream of the pressure booster system on the inlet side.

Min. inlet pressure  $(p_{inl}) = 4$  bar

Min. pressure gradient = 0.5 bar

Downstream pressure = 3.5 bar.

#### 6.5 Installing unpressurised inlet tanks

Installation and location of an unpressurised inlet tank together with the pressure booster system are governed by the same rules applicable to the pressure booster system.

Install the closed PE inlet tank (under atmospheric pressure) available as a KSB accessory as described in the installation instructions supplied with the tank.



#### **CAUTION**

#### Contamination in the pressure booster system

Damage to the pumps!

> Clean the tank before filling it.

The tank must be connected mechanically and electrically to the pressure booster system prior to commissioning of the system.

#### 6.6 Fitting the dry running protection device

Install the dry running protection device supplied together with the pressure booster system as a separate, non-fitted accessory, or supplied at a later date for retrofitting, in accordance with its operating instructions and connect it to the switchgear and controlgear assembly. The switchgear and controlgear assembly is provided with the requisite inputs.

### 6.7 Connection to power supply



#### **⚠** DANGER

#### Electrical connection work by unqualified personnel

Danger of death from electric shock!

- ➤ Always have the electrical connections installed by a trained and qualified electrician.
- ➤ Observe regulations IEC 60364.



#### ⚠ WARNING

#### Incorrect connection to the mains

Damage to the mains network, short circuit!

> Observe the technical specifications of the local energy supply companies.



#### **NOTE**

A motor protection device is recommended.



#### **NOTE**

If a residual current device is installed, observe the operating manual for the frequency inverter.

The circuit diagrams for the pressure booster system are included in the control cabinet, where they must remain when not in use.

The product literature of the switchgear and controlgear assembly supplied with the pressure booster system includes a list of the electrical components installed. When ordering spare parts for electrical components, please always indicate the circuit diagram number.

#### 6.7.1 Sizing the power cable

The cross-section of the power cable must be sized for the total rated power requirement.



### 6.7.2 Connecting the pressure booster system

Connect the pressure booster system to the power supply via terminals L1, L2, L3, PE and N as shown in the enclosed circuit diagram.

Observe the data given on the name plate.

# 7 Commissioning/Start-up/Shutdown

#### 7.1 Commissioning/Start-up

#### 7.1.1 Prerequisites for commissioning/start-up

Before commissioning/start-up of the pressure booster system make sure that the following requirements are met:

- The pressure booster system has been properly connected to the electric power supply and is equipped with all protection devices.
- All relevant VDE standards and/or regulations applicable in the country of use are complied with.
- The dry running protection device has been installed.



#### **CAUTION**

#### Dry running of pump

Damage to the pump/pressure booster system!

➢ If no dry running protection device is connected when commissioning takes place, pressure booster systems in manual or test run mode will be stopped automatically after approx. 10 seconds. If the dry running protection terminal is disabled by means of a bridge, the operator shall assume responsibility for any dry running that might occur.



#### NOTE

The competent authorities must be informed in due time prior to commissioning/test running the system.

#### 7.1.2 Dry running protection

Pressure booster systems are fitted with a dry running protection device.

A float switch whose volt-free contact closes the circuit in upper float position can be connected to the control system as dry running protection. Follow the float switch manufacturer's instructions on how to set the float switch levels.

#### 7.1.3 Commissioning/start-up of pressure booster system



#### NOTE

The pressure booster systems undergo hydraulic testing with water at the factory and are drained carefully before shipment. However, for technical reasons the presence of some residual water is unavoidable.

The hydraulic connections are closed in as-supplied condition. They must only be opened immediately before installation.

Refer to EN 806 before commissioning/starting up the pressure booster system. After an extended pre-installation period, in particular, flushing or even professional disinfection is recommended. For extensive or branched piping systems the pressure booster system should preferably be flushed either before installation, or flushing should be restricted to a limited area.





#### **CAUTION**

#### Foreign matter in the piping

Damage to the pumps/pressure booster system!

Before commissioning/starting (or even test running) the pressure booster system, make sure that there is no foreign matter in the pressure booster system or piping.



#### **NOTE**

Commissioning of the pressure booster system - even test running - shall only be carried out in full compliance with all pertinent VDE (German Association of Electrical Engineers) regulations.



#### **CAUTION**

#### Operation without the fluid to be handled

Damage to the pump!

- > Prime the pressure booster system with the fluid to be handled.
- ✓ The pipe unions between the pump and the piping have been re-tightened.
- ✓ The flange bolting has been checked for firm seating.
- ✓ The cooling air inlet and outlet openings on the motor are unobstructed.
- ✓ All shut-off valves of the pressure booster system are open.
- ✓ The pre-charge pressure of the membrane-type accumulator has been checked.
  [⇒ Section 9.2.3, Page 32]
- Single-pump system: Disconnect the mains plug from the power supply.
   Multiple pump system: Set the master switch to "0"; unlock all motor protection switches (if applicable).
- 2. Provide connection to power supply.
- 3. Open/loosen the vent plugs on the pumps (refer to the pump's installation/operating manual).
- 4. Slowly open the inlet-side shut-off element and prime the pressure booster system until the fluid to be handled escapes through all vent holes.
- 5. Close and slightly tighten the pump vent plugs.
- 6. Switch on all motor protection switches.
- 7. Set the manual-0-automatic selector switches (if any) to Automatic.
- 8. Switch on the master switch.
- 9. Open the discharge-side shut-off element.
- 10.When all pumps are running, loosen the vent plugs again to let any remaining air escape.
- 11. Tighten the vent plug firmly.
- 12. Check that the pumps are running smoothly.
- 13. Close the discharge-side shut-off element for a short period and verify that the pumps reach the shut-off head.
- 14. Close the discharge-side shut-off element, causing all pumps to stop.



#### **NOTE**

Minor leakage of the mechanical seals during commissioning is normal and will cease after a short period of operation.

### 7.2 Switching on the pressure booster system

Switch on the master switch to energise the pressure booster system.



#### NOTE

The pressure booster system is factory-set to the operating data indicated on the name plate.

#### 7.3 Checklist for commissioning/start-up

Table 8: Checklist

Operations					
1	Read the operating instructions.				
2	Check power supply and compare against the name plate data.				
3	Check the earthing system (by measuring).				
4	Check the mechanical connection to the water mains. Re-tighten the flange bolting and pipe unions.				
5	Prime and vent the pressure booster system from the inlet side.				
6	Check inlet pressure.				
7	Check whether all cables are still firmly connected to the terminals inside the control unit.				
8	Compare the settings of the motor protection switches with the name plate data; re-adjust, if necessary.				
9	Check the start and stop pressure; re-adjust, if necessary.				
10	Test the proper function of the lack-of-water and dry running protection equipment. If not fitted, make a relevant note in the commissioning report.				
11	Vent the pumps for a second time after they have been running for 5 to 10 minutes.				
12	Set all switches to "automatic".				
13	Check the pre-charge pressure.				
14	Record all system conditions that do not correspond to our specifications or to the purchase order in the commissioning report (i.e. no dry running protection or inlet pressure + max. pressure of pressure booster system higher than 16 bar).				
15	Complete the commissioning report together with the operator/user and instruct the operator/user as to the function of the system.				

#### 7.4 Shutdown



#### **NOTE**

As long as the pressure booster system is out of operation, water is supplied directly at  $p_{\text{inl}}$  through the pressure booster system.

Set the master switch to "0".



#### **NOTE**

Drain the pressure booster system for prolonged shutdown.



# 8 Operating the Pressure Booster System



#### **CAUTION**

#### Incorrect operation

Water supply is not assured!

➤ Make sure to comply with all local regulations, particularly the EC Machinery Directive and the EC Directive on Low-Voltage Equipment.

#### 8.1 Design of the frequency inverter

The frequency inverter is motor-mounted and self-cooling. Its display and control panel feature the following:

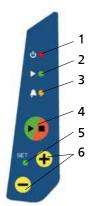


Fig. 5: Economy Line display and control panel

1	Red LED indicating stand-by The red stand-by LED is lit when the motor is energised.
2	Green LED indicating the operating status  The green operating status LED flashes at different frequencies. The closer the measured pressure to the set pressure, the higher the flashing frequency.
3	Yellow alarm LED
4	The start/stop button serves to start up the pump.
5	Green SET LED The green SET LED starts flashing when the pressure booster system is ready for constant-pressure mode.
6	+/- buttons for setting the pressure
	+/- buttons for adjusting the motor speed in manual mode

# 8.2 Pressure booster systems with configured frequency inverter drives

Drives supplied as part of the pressure booster system are already configured for operation. The information on default settings is provided for information only; it is only required if the drive needs replacing.

Table 9: Nastec Mida VFD technical data

Model	V <sub>In</sub>	Max. V <sub>Out</sub>	Max. I <sub>in</sub>	Max. I <sub>Out</sub>	Motor rating P <sub>2</sub>
	[VAC]	[V]	[A]	[A]	[kW]
MIDA 203	1~230 +/-15 %	3~230	5	3	0,55
MIDA 205	1~230 +/-15 %	3~230	8	5	1,1
MIDA 207	1~230 +/-15 %	3~230	11	7,5	2,0

#### 8.3 Programming

The red stand-by LED (1) lights up when the pressure booster system is energised.

The green SET LED (5) starts flashing to indicate that the system is ready for operation.

Press the Start/Stop button to start the pump. The green operating status LED (2) starts flashing at different frequencies. The closer the measured pressure to the set pressure, the higher the flashing frequency.

When the set value is reached, the green operating status LED (2) is lit continuously.

To stop the pump press the Start/Stop button (4). The green operating status LED (2) extinguishes.

#### Adjusting the pressure

A pressure gauge is fitted in the discharge line. Slightly opening one of the consumer installations facilitates pressure adjustment.

Adjusting the pressure

- Start up the pump (press the Start/Stop button).
- If the Set LED (5) flashes, press the Plus button or Minus button until the Set LED lights up continuously.
- Set the pressure by pressing the Plus button or Minus button as required.

#### Manual mode - Starting the pump at fixed speed

A disconnected or damaged pressure sensor causes the corresponding alarm to be triggered. [⇒ Section 10, Page 39] The pump can be started up manually at fixed speed by pressing the Start/Stop button for a minimum of 5 seconds. The pump starts at a frequency of at least 20 Hz. Press the Plus button or Minus button to adjust the frequency. If the SET LED is not lit, press the Plus button or Minus button continuously until the SET LED lights up.



# 9 Servicing/Maintenance

#### 9.1 General information/Safety regulations

The operator ensures that maintenance, inspection and installation is performed by authorised, qualified specialist personnel who are thoroughly familiar with the manual.



#### **⚠** DANGER

#### Unintentional start-up of pressure booster system

Danger to life!

The pressure booster system must be de-energised before repair or maintenance work is carried out.



#### **↑** DANGER

#### Voltage at the pressure booster system

Danger to life!

Prior to opening the device, wait at least 10 minutes for any residual voltage to dissipate.



#### ⚠ WARNING

#### Improper lifting/moving of heavy assemblies or components

Personal injury and damage to property!

Use suitable transport devices, lifting equipment and lifting tackle to move heavy assemblies or components.



#### ⚠ WARNING

#### Unintentional start-up of pressure booster system

Risk of injury by moving parts!

- Make sure the pressure booster system has been de-energised before commencing work on the pressure booster system.
- Make sure that the pressure booster system cannot be started up unintentionally.



#### ⚠ WARNING

#### Unqualified personnel performing work on the pressure booster system

Risk of personal injury!

Always have repair and maintenance work performed by specially trained, qualified personnel.



#### **CAUTION**

#### Incorrectly serviced pressure booster system

Function of pressure booster system not guaranteed!

- > Regularly service the pressure booster system.
- ➤ Prepare a maintenance schedule for the pressure booster system, with special emphasis on lubricants, shaft seals and pump couplings.

Always observe the safety instructions and information.

Observe the operating manual of the pump when performing work on the pumps.

In case of damage you can always contact our service staff.

A regular maintenance schedule will help avoid expensive repairs and contribute to troublefree, reliable operation of the pressure booster system with a minimum of maintenance expenditure and work.

Never use force when dismantling and re-assembling the pressure booster system.

#### 9.1.1 Inspection contract

For all inspection and servicing work to be carried out at regular intervals we recommend taking out the maintenance contract offered. Get in touch with your Service Partner for details.

Checklist for commissioning/start-up, checklist for inspection

#### 9.2 Servicing/Inspection

#### 9.2.1 Supervision of operation



#### CAUTION

#### Increased wear due to dry running

Damage to the pump set!

- > Never operate the pump set without liquid fill.
- ➤ Never close the shut-off element in the suction line and/or supply line during pump operation.



#### **CAUTION**

#### Impermissibly high temperature of fluid handled

Damage to the pump!

- Prolonged operation against a closed shut-off element is not permitted (heating up of the fluid).
- Observe the temperature limits in the data sheet and in the section on operating limits.

While the system is in operation, observe and check the following:

- Check the test run (if activated).
- Compare the start and stop pressures of the pumps with the data on the name plate (using the pressure gauge).
- Compare the pre-charge pressure of the accumulator with the recommended data.
   [⇒ Section 9.2.3, Page 32]

Close the shut-off elements under the accumulator and drain the accumulator via the drain valve.

Remove the protective cap of the accumulator valve and check the pre-charge pressure with the aid of a tyre pressure gauge.

Add nitrogen as necessary.



#### ⚠ WARNING

#### Wrong gas

Danger of poisoning!

- > Use only nitrogen to charge the accumulator.
- Check the rolling element bearings for running noises.
   Vibrations, noise and an increase in current input occurring during unchanged operating conditions indicate wear.
- Monitor the correct functioning of any auxiliary connections.



#### 9.2.2 Checklist for inspection

In the event that you decide to conduct your own inspections, proceed according to the following checklist at least once a year:

- 1. Check the pump and drive for smooth running and the mechanical seal for integrity.
- 2. Check the shut-off, drain and check valves for proper functioning and tightness.
- 3. Clean the strainer in the pressure reducer (if applicable).
- 4. Check expansion joints for wear (if applicable).
- 5. Verify the pre-charge pressure level and check the accumulator for integrity if required. [

  □ Section 9.2.3, Page 32]
- 6. Check the automatic switching functionality.
- 7. Check the start and stop points of the pressure booster system.
- 8. Check the water inflow, inlet pressure, lack-of-water monitoring, flow monitoring and pressure reducer.
- Check the inlet tank and the float valve (if applicable). Check the overflow for integrity and cleanliness.

#### 9.2.3 Setting the pre-charge pressure



### **⚠** WARNING

#### Wrong gas

Danger of poisoning!

> Use only nitrogen to charge the accumulator.

The pre-charge pressure in the accumulator should be set to a value below the set start-up pressure.

The setting can be effected via a valve located under the cover at the top of the accumulator.

#### Example: Pre-charge pressure 10 % lower than start-up pressure

Pre-charge pressure of accumulator p =  $0.9 \times p_{start}$ p<sub>start</sub> = start-up pressure of pressure booster system

#### Recommendation

The stated values are average values. Tests on accumulators have shown that the best storage volumes are achieved with the following factors:

pressures >3 bar: factor 0.9 and pressures <3 bar: factor 0.8

#### **Example:**

 $p_{start}$  = 5 bar: pre-charge pressure 5 x 0.9 = 4.5 bar  $p_{start}$  = 2 bar: pre-charge pressure 2 x 0.8 = 1.6 bar



#### **CAUTION**

#### Pre-charge pressure too high

Damage to accumulator!

Observe data provided by accumulator manufacturer (see name plate or operating manual of accumulator).

#### 9.2.4 Replacing the non-return valve



#### **⚠** DANGER

#### Voltage at the pressure booster system

Danger to life!

- > Prior to opening the device, wait at least 10 minutes for any residual voltage to dissipate.
- 1. De-energise the pump set and secure it against unintentional start-up. Comply with the local regulations.
- 2. Close the shut-off valve of the pump.
- 3. Place a suitable container under the drain connection.
- 4. Open the drain connections. To do so, observe the pump's operating manual.

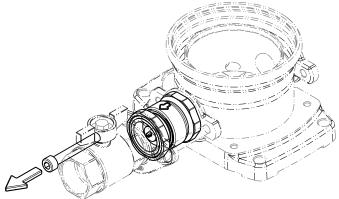


Fig. 6: Removing the screw

5. Remove the screw.

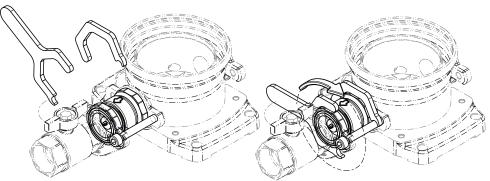


Fig. 7: Screwing the valve's body parts into each other

6. Use a suitable tool to screw the body parts of the non-return valve into each other to shorten the length of the body.

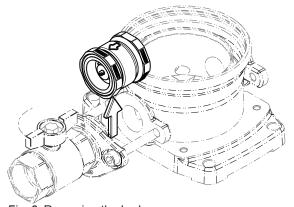


Fig. 8: Removing the body



- 7. Remove the body of the non-return valve.
- 8. Remove the insert check valve including O-rings.
- 9. Remove excessive contamination or deposits with a clean cloth.
- 10.Re-insert the insert check valve into the body. Apply a sealant to new O-rings. See table below.

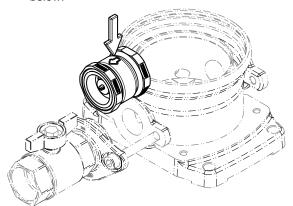


Fig. 9: Mounting the body

11. Mount the body of the non-return valve.

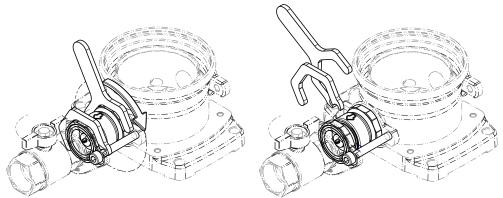


Fig. 10: Loosening the screwed connection of the body parts

12. Use a suitable tool to loosen the screwed connection of the body parts of the non-return valve to extend the body length.



Fig. 11: Verifying the alignment

13. Verify the correct alignment.

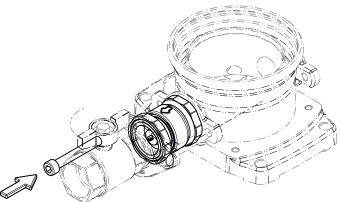


Fig. 12: Fitting the screw

- 14.Fit and tighten the screw.
- 15. Close the drain plugs of the pump. Properly dispose of the fluid collected.
- 16. Slowly open the shut-off valve and check for any leakage.

Table 10: Spare parts for servicing non-return valves, per pump

Material number	Description	Non-return valve	O-rings	Sealant for O- rings (not water- soluble)
71630405	ER non-return valve DN 32	Watts industries IN 032 DN 32	1x Eriks 12711456	Molykote ® G-5511 <sup>5)</sup>
			2x Eriks 12711457	
71630410	ER non-return valve DN 50	Watts industries IN 050 DN 50	1x Eriks 12192264	
			2x Eriks 12711459	

#### 9.2.5 Mounting the manifold in a mirrored position



#### **⚠** DANGER

#### Voltage at the pressure booster system

Danger to life!

- ➤ Prior to opening the device, wait at least 10 minutes for any residual voltage to dissipate.
- 1. De-energise the pump set and secure it against unintentional start-up. Comply with the local regulations.
- 2. Close the shut-off valves in the discharge line and suction line of the pressure booster system.
- 3. Place a suitable container under the drain connections.
- 4. Open the drain connections. To do so, observe the pump's operating manual.





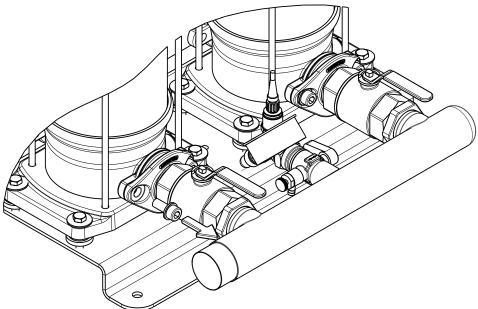


Fig. 13: Removing the bolts

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{5}}.$  Remove the bolts connecting the two oval flanges to the pumps.

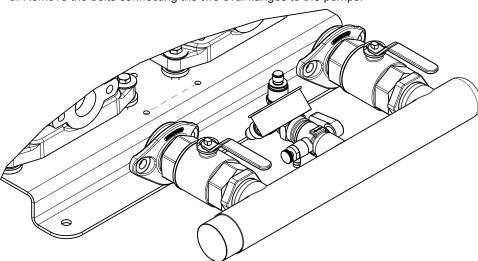


Fig. 14: Removing the manifold

6. Remove the complete manifold including valves

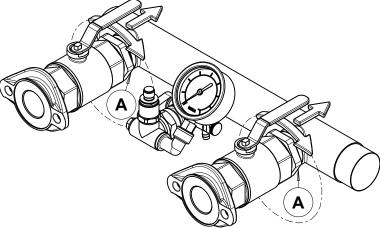


Fig. 15: Loosening the EF locknuts

EF locknut

7. Loosen the EF locknuts at the shut-off valves by half a turn, exposing the O-ring.

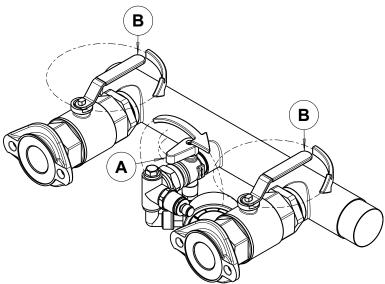


Fig. 16: Turning the pressure measuring set

Α	Pressure measuring set
В	Lever of the shut-off valve

- 8. Close the lever of the shut-off valve about half way to enable the 180 $^{\circ}$  turn required in the next step.
- 9. Turn the pressure measuring set by 90°.



#### **NOTE**

For some variants, the pressure gauge or a pressure sensor need to be removed to be able to turn the pressure measuring set.





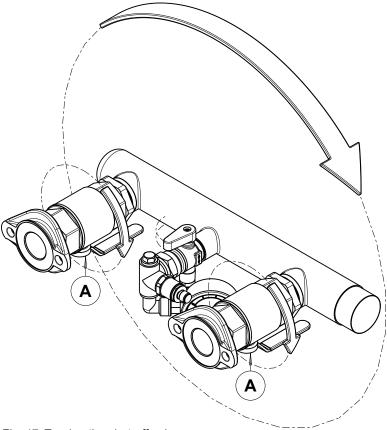


Fig. 17: Turning the shut-off valves

A Shut-off valve

10.Turn the shut-off valves by 180°. Now, turn the complete manifold including valves by  $180^{\circ}$ .

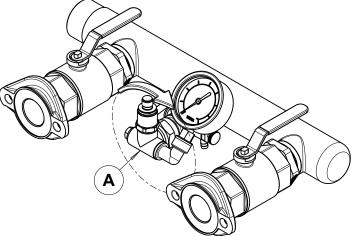


Fig. 18: Turning the pressure measuring set

A Pressure measuring set

- 11. Turn the pressure measuring set by a last 90°.
- 12.If the pressure gauge and/or pressure sensors have been removed, connect them again.
  - ⇒ The manifold is now fitted in a mirrored position.

## 10 Trouble-shooting



### **NOTE**

Before performing any work on the pump's internal parts during the warranty period please always consult the manufacturer. Our after-sales service will be at your disposal. Non-compliance will lead to forfeiture of any and all rights to claims for damages.

Table 11: Pump faults

Fault	Possible cause	Remedy	Action
Leakage along the shaft	Worn shaft seal	Replace the shaft seal.	Check the pump for impurities.
	Pump has been operated without water.	Replace the shaft seal.	
Pump does not run	No water in the pump		Prime and vent the pump.
smoothly (noise and vibrations).	No water supply	Re-establish water supply.	Check supply lines for clogging.
vibrations).	Bearings of pump and/or motor defective	Have bearings replaced by certified company.	
	Hydraulic pump components defective	Replace hydraulic pump components.	
	Wrong direction of rotation of the pump	Interchange two phases of the power supply between frequency inverter and motor.  Caution:  Prior to opening the device, wait at least 10 minutes for any residual voltage to dissipate.	
System/pump does not	No voltage at the terminals	Check power supply.	
start.	Dry running protection has tripped.	Re-establish water supply. Reset system.	Check that the supply tank is filled with water and that the supply line to the pressure booster system is not clogged.
	Wrong setting of pressure setpoint	Adjust pressure setpoint.	
	Drive fault	Reset drive and note down error code.	
Insufficient flow rate and/or	Air inside the pump	Vent the pump.	
pressure of the system/ pump	Wrong direction of rotation of the pump	Interchange two phases of the power supply between frequency inverter and motor.  Caution:  Prior to opening the device, wait at least 10 minutes for any residual voltage to dissipate.	
	Flow rate of water meter in suction line too low	Increase flow rate of water meter.	
	System-side filter clogged	Clean filter or check filter for obstruction. If required, replace filter.	
	Shut-off valve in outlet and/ or inlet closed	Open both shut-off valves.	
Pumps start and stop too frequently.	Accumulator leakage or wrong pressure setting		Have system checked by the manufacturer.
Pump 1 not running, pump 2 running.	Pump 1 has been stopped, and pump 2 has assumed the master function.	Disconnect the system from the power supply. Then reconnect it.	



# The yellow alarm LED indicates different alarm messages by flashing at different frequencies followed by a 3-second pause.

Table 12: Error codes of the frequency inverter

Flashing frequency	Description	System re-start
1x	Lack of water. Automatic re-start after 5-10-20-40-80 minutes. The alarm signal starts after the last re-start attempt.	De-energise the system (pull the mains plug or set the master switch to 0). Only after the system has been deenergised can it be re-started.
2x	The maximum motor current is higher than the set limit.	
3x	Sensor alarm (sensor not connected or incorrectly connected, or output current below 2 mA)	
4x	Overheating alarm (temperature at NTC thermistor exceeds 70 °C)	
5x	Frequency inverter alarm (current too high)	De-energise the system (pull the mains plug or set the master switch to 0). Only after the system has been de- energised can it be re-started.
6x	Communication error between master and slaves (check the DIP switch position).  Caution:  After switching off the frequency inverter, wait 10 minutes until dangerous voltages have discharged.	
7x	The alarm value for the maximum pressure has been reached. (Determine the cause of the maximum pressure exceeding the alarm value).	
8x	The alarm value for minimum pressure has been reached. (Determine the cause of the minimum pressure falling below the alarm value).	
Rapid flashing without any pauses	The digital inputs have been disconnected.	

### 11 Related Documents

## 11.1 General assembly drawings/exploded views with list of components

#### 11.1.1 Hydro-Unit Premium Line VFD MMe, single-pump system

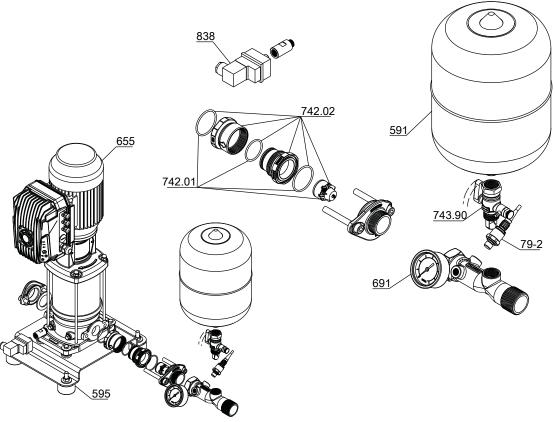


Fig. 19: Hydro-Unit Premium Line VFD MMe Di

Table 13: List of components

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
79-2	Measuring transducer	691	Pressure gauge
591	Accumulator	742.01/.02	Check valve
595	Anti-vibration pad	743.90	Ball/plug valve
655	Pump	838	Switch

The individual parts of the pump set are shown in the product literature of the pump set.

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### 11.1.2 Hydro-Unit Premium Line VFD MMe, multiple pump system

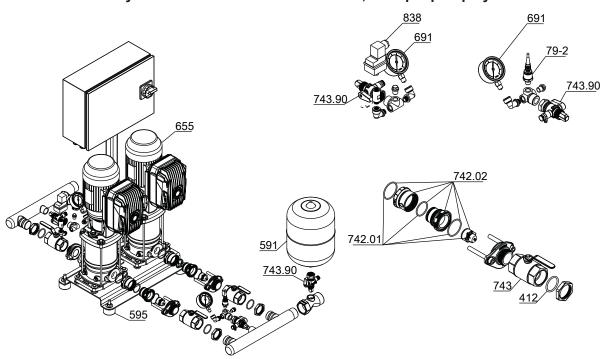


Fig. 20: Hydro-Unit Premium Line VFD MMe Di

Table 14: List of components

Part No.	Description	Part No.	Description
79-2	Measuring transducer	691	Pressure gauge
412	O-ring	742.01/.02	Check valve
591	Accumulator	743/.90	Ball/plug valve
595	Anti-vibration pad	838	Switch
655	Pump		

The individual parts of the pump set are shown in the product literature of the pump set.

### 12 EU Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer:

D.P. Industries B.V. Kalkovenweg 13

2401 LJ Alphen aan den Rijn (The Netherlands)

The manufacturer herewith declares that the product:

### Hydro-Unit Premium Line (VFD MMe Di)

Serial numbers: 06/2018 0000000-0001 - 52/2020 9999999-9999

- is in conformity with the provisions of the following Directives as amended from time to time:
  - Pump set: EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC
  - Pump set: Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU

The manufacturer also declares that

- the following harmonised international standards have been applied:
  - ISO 12100
  - EN 809
  - EN 60204-1
  - EN 806-2

Person authorised to compile the technical file:

Menno Schaap Manager Product Development D.P. Industries B.V. Kalkovenweg 13 2401 LJ Alphen aan den Rijn (The Netherlands)

The EU Declaration of Conformity was issued in/on:

Alphen aan den Rijn, 1 June 2018

Menno Schaap

Manager Product Development

D.P. Industries B.V.

2401 LJ Alphen aan den Rijn



# 13 Certificate of Decontamination

Type: Order number/					
Order item numb	per <sup>6)</sup> :				
Delivery date:					
Field of applicati	on:				
Fluid handled6):					
Please tick wher	e applicable <sup>®</sup> :				
A					
□ Radioa	ctive	□ Explosive	□ Corrosive	□ Toxic	
Nadioa	N. C.	Explosive	Odrosive	I OXIC	
				SAFE	
□ Harm	nful	□ Bio-hazardous	□ Highly flammable	□ Safe	
			0 ,		
Reason for retur	n <sup>6)</sup> ·				
Comments:					
placing at your d We herewith dec For mag-drive pr removed from th leakage barrier a For canned motor	lisposal.  clare that this product i  umps, the inner rotor u  e pump and cleaned.  and bearing bracket or  or pumps, the rotor an	is free from hazardous of unit (impeller, casing coval In cases of containment adapter have also been d plain bearing have bee	chemicals, biological and ra ver, bearing ring carrier, pla shroud leakage, the outer n cleaned. en removed from the pump	le and outside prior to dispato adioactive substances. ain bearing, inner rotor) has be rotor, bearing bracket lanterr of for cleaning. In cases of leak penetrated the stator space,	een n, kage at
□ No spor	cial cafety procautions	are required for further	handling		
•		•	hing fluids, fluid residues a	nd disposal:	
We confirm that relevant legal pro		formation are correct ar	nd complete and that dispa	tch is effected in accordance	with the
Place,	date and signature	<u></u>	Address	Company stamp	
6) Required	fields				

# **14 Commissioning Report**

The DP pressure booster system specified below was today commissioned by the undersigned, authorised DP customer service engineer who created this report.

Pressure booster syste	m details		
Type series			
Size			
Serial number			
Order No.			
Purchaser/place of inst	allation		
Purchaser			Place of installation
Name			
Address			
Operating data For furth	er details p	please refer to the circuit diagram.	
Start-up pressure	p <sub>start</sub> bar		
Inlet pressure monitoring (setting of inlet pressure			
Stop pressure	p <sub>stop</sub> bar		
Inlet pressure	p <sub>inl</sub> bar		
Pre-charge pressure of			
accumulator	p <sub>pre-charge</sub> bar		
		resentative herewith confirms to have elevant circuit diagrams and operating	received instructions on how to operate and service instructions have been handed over.
Non-conformities found	d during co	ommissioning	Deadline for remedial action
Non-conformity			
1			
Name of DD			Name of manhana and an analysis a
Name of DP representati	ve		Name of purchaser or representative
Place			Date



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11/09/2018

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